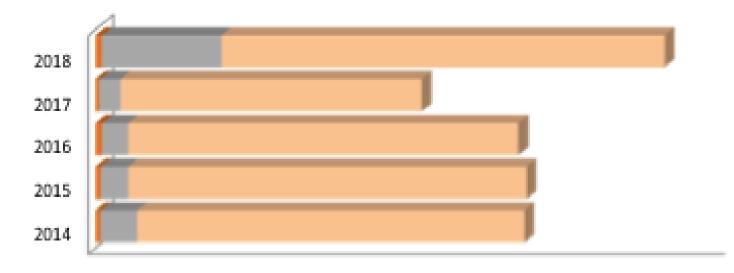
Patent matters of concern when investing in Philippines



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Patent Grants



	0 5	00 1000	1500	2000 2500	3000
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Resident	23	24	31	18	29
Non-Res Direct	174	130	123	99	565
PCT	1822	1875	1837	1420	2088

From IPOPHL website

Choosing between a Patent Invention or a Utility Model



Invention or Utility Model?

a.Cost to register

Annuity Fee Big Entity / Small Entity / Youth filer



Invention or Utility Model?

b. Length of protection

20 years vs. 7 years



Invention or Utility Model?

c. Determine reason for getting a patent

Enforcement is immediately needed?

Are you building a patent portfolio? (for licensing, transfer, enforcement against competitors, defense [counter-claim] against accusations of infringements)

Rights prior to registration

Inchoate Rights – can only sue upon registration and recover damages 4 years prior to filing of the complaint



Conversion of Invention to UM

Patent Invention to UM

UM to Patent Invention



Design Registrations

GUI

icons

3Talk



Expediting the patent prosecution process



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A. Early publication

After 6 months (but before 18 months) from filing date



B. ASPEC Request

ASPEC Countries:

Brunei

Cambodia

Indonesia

Lao PDR

Malaysia

Philippines

Singapore

Thailand

Vietnam



ASPEC: Actual Case

PCT National Phase Entry: 2017

ASPEC Request (based on Singapore): January 2019

1st Substantive Examination Report: February 2019

Registration Date: July 09, 2019

Total time from ASPEC Request: 6 months



C. PPH Request

Countries available:

Japan (JPO) US (USPTO) Korea (KIPO) Europe (EPO)



Enforcement of Patents

Remedies/Actions available:

a.Civil/Administrative case b.Criminal case (2nd offense) c.Temporary Restraining Order/Preliminary Injunction d.Search Warrant (even if civil/administrative case)



Better to file cases with the IP Office or with the Regular Courts?

- a. Damages that can be awarded
- b. Venue
- c. Expertise in IP law
- d. TRO/Preliminary Injunction
- e. Search Warrant
- f. Degree of proof required
- g. Length of time before case reaches decision

h. Expert witness

- i. Invalidity as a defense
- j. Notice required for damages



a. Damages that can be awarded

Damages – actual damages / reasonable royalty, attorney's fees, expenses of litigation



b. Location/Venue

IPO

Regular Courts – address of plaintiff or defendant



c. Expertise in IP law

IPO – specialized court

Regular Courts – Specialized Commercial Courts



d. TRO/Preliminary Injunction

IPO

Regular Courts



e. Search Warrant

SW for Regular Courts only

Subsequent infringement case – IPO or Regular Courts



f. Degree of proof required

IPO – substantial evidence

Regular Courts – preponderance of evidence



g. Length of time before case reaches decision

IPO - mediation

Regular Courts – mediation and JDR



Other concerns in enforcement of patents

Invalidity as a defense a. b. Counterclaims b. Notice required for damages c. Formal requirements – verification,

authentication



Other concerns in enforcement of patents

a. Invalidity as a defense

Novelty Inventive Step



Other concerns in enforcement of patents

b. Counterclaims

Damages Infringement



Case Study:Defense of having own registration

- **Nature of the Case: Industrial Design Infringement**
- **Facts of the Case:**

• Complainant filed a design infringement case against Defendant.

Both parties have industrial registrations for their respective products.



Ruling of the IPO: Defendant did not commit industrial design infringement.

Ratio:

Designs involved do not appear similar
Since Defendant holds a valid industrial design registration, a direct action for cancellation, i.e., Petition for Cancellation, should have been <u>filed first</u> for the Infringement to proceed.



Other concerns in enforcement of patents

c. Notice required for damages

Notice of Registration must be on the product or actually given to defendant

cease & desist letter considerations



Other concerns in enforcement of patents

d. Formal requirements –

Verification
Authorization by corporation (Sec Cert)
Authorization to lawyers
Notarization & Authentication – consider in defining timeline for the enforcement action



General IP enforcement concerns

Apart from infringement cases, remedies available to enforce IP are:

a. Customs enforcementb. IPO Visitation



Anti-Trust / Competition Issues

Obtaining Market Dominance through IP rights

Abuse of Dominant Position and IP rights



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Licensing Concerns

Mandatory and Prohibited clauses

- a. Philippine laws
- b. Arbitration venue is Philippines or neutral country
- c. Philippine taxes borne by licensor



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Licensing Concerns

Mandatory and Prohibited clauses

d. Licensee not required to transfer improvements to invention to licensor

e. Restricting licensee to use technology after the expiration of the contract

f. Restricting licensee from contesting the validity of the licensor's patent



Licensing Concerns

Registration of License Agreement

Can make agreement unenforceable

Pre-Clearance allowed



Thank you!

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